Key Vocabulary Bumpy – uneven, with many patches raised above the rest. Crotchets – Worth one beat. Crochet Rests - It is worth one beat – the same as a crotchet. It is silent.

Elastic - springs back once stretched.

Flexible - capable of being bent, usually without breaking; easily bent.

Man-made – made or caused by human beings.

Natural – existing in or derived from nature; not made or caused by humankind.

Opaque - cannot be seen through.

Patchwork - needlework in which small pieces of cloth in different designs, colours, or textures are sewn together. Pattern - a set of characteristics that are displayed repeatedly. Smooth - having an even and regular surface.

Soft -

Squashy - easily crushed or squeezed.

Translucent - allowing some light to pass through.

Transparent - can be seen Through.

Waterproof - repels water and liquids.

Quavers – They are worth one beat together but they are twice as fast because they need to fit into the same one beat as a crotchet. Design & Technology Design products for others and themselves that are purposeful, functional and appealing:

Draw/design a template for own patchwork and use this to create their final product.

Educational Visit

The Higgins Museum, Bedford Edward Bawden and The Design Collection

Music

Improvise simple question and answer phrases, sung and played on untuned percussion:

Play copycat rhythms, copying a leading.

Use range of notation to record composed pieces: Invent rhythms for others to copy. Read and respond to chanted rhythm patterns and represent them with stick notation. Create rhythms using word phrases (eg tig-er tig-er pig pig). Create and perform their own chanted rhythm patterns with the same stick notation.

Class Reader



Patterns & Patchwork Autumn Term 1

English Little Red Reading Hood

by Lucy Rowland: Narrative writing traditional tale with a twist. Includes commas in a list, questions, alliteration, contractions, dialogue, similes and apostrophes.



Stunning Start

Children to explore a range of patchworks in class, using them to get comfortable and read around the class/school.

Excellent End

Children will be presented with their class patchwork blanket.

Science

Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials:

Use the language associated with changing the shape of materials. (Bend, squeeze, twist, stretch, squash). Tell you why it is best used for a particular purpose. (E.g. glass is transparent so used for windows)

Identifying, classifying and grouping: Sort objects according to the materials they are made of.

Art & Design

Use range of pencils to draw lines of different lengths:

Create a variety of patterns and shapes using a pencil. Draw different patterns and shapes to carefully create a pencil patchwork.

In textiles, weave and join materials using glue or stitch:

Use sewing as a technique for creating a class patchwork.